Description of Measure

The percentage of males aged 21 – 75 and females aged 40-75 who are identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD), and who were dispensed at least one high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year (MY) and who remained on a high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.¹

The treatment period starts with the date of the first fill of the statin medication thru 31 Dec. MY.

Eligible Population

Members are identified by either of these two methods.

Event : Any of the following in PY or MY	Codes	Setting
Myocardial Infarction (MI)	ICD10: I21.01 – I21.B, I22.0 – I22.9, I23.0 – I23.8, I25.2, I25.6	Inpatient discharge claim
CABG	CPT: 33510 - 33514, 33516 - 33519, 33521 - 33523, 33530, 33533 - 33536 HCPC: S2205 - S2209	Any setting
PCI	CPT: 929200, 92924, 92928, 92933, 92937, 92941, 92943 HCPC: C9600 C9602, C9604, C9606, C9607	Any setting
Other revascularization	CPT: 27220 - 27231	Any setting

Diagnosis: At least one encounter with diagnosis in both PY and MY	ICD10 Codes	Setting
IVD	I20.0, I20.2 – I20.9, I24.0, I24.8 – I24.9, I25.10 – I25.119, I25.5, I25.6, I25.700 – I25.9, I63.20 – I63.29, I63.50 – I63.59, I65.01 – I65.29, I66.3 – I66.9, I67.2, I70.1, I70.201 – I70.799, I70.92, I75.011 – I75.89, I75.81, I75.89, T82.855A – T82.856S	 Outpatient or inpatient encounter Acute inpatient discharge



Documentation

Required documentation of a statin being dispensed:

- Member name and DOB
- Dispensed date or shipped date within MY
- Medication name, dose, route, doses per day (sig) and quantity

Office visit with documentation of an exclusion.

Exclusions

Exclusions	Timeframe	
 Members who use or elect to use hospice services Members who died Members receiving palliative care 	Any time during the MY	
 Pregnancy In vitro fertilization Clomiphene – 1 dispensing event 	Any time during the PY or MY	
ESRDDialysisCirrhosis	Any time during the PY or MY	
 Myalgia Myositis Myopathy Rhabdomyolysis 	Any time during the MY	
 Myalgia caused by statin History of myalgia caused by statin Rhabdomyolysis due to statin History of rhabdomyolysis due to statin 	Anytime in the members history through Dec. 31 MY	
Members 66 years and older by Dec. 31 MY with	 Frailty diagnosis in MY on 2 different DOS during the MY Advanced Illness: Either of the following during the MY or PY Advanced illness on 2 different DOS OR Dispensed a dementia medication 	
Advanced Illness and Frailty.	Dementia Med Prescription Description	
Members must meet BOTH advanced illness and frailty criteria to be excluded.	Cholinesterase inhibitors • Rivastigmine	
	Misc. Central Nervous System Agents	
	Dementia Combinations	

Condition	ICD-10-Code
Myalgia	M79.10 – M79.12; M79.18
Myositis	M60.80 – M60.819; M60.821 – M60.829; M60.831 – M60.839; M60.841 – M60.849; M60.851 – M60.859; M60.861- M60.869, M60.871 – M60.879; M60.88; M60.89
Myopathy	G72.0; G72.2; G72.9
Rhabdomyolysis	M62.82
Cirrhosis	K70.30; K70.31; K71.7; K74.3 – K74.5; K74.60; K74.69; P78.81
ESRD	N18.5; N18.6; Z99.2

Condition	SNOMED Codes
History of myalgia caused by statin (situation)	16524291000119105
History of rhabdomyolysis due to statin (situation)	16524331000119104
Myalgia caused by statin (finding)	16462851000119106
Rhabdomyolysis due to statin (disorder)	787206005

Medications

High-intensity Statin Therapy	Moderate-intens	ity statin therapy
 Atorvastatin 40 – 80mg 	 Atorvastatin 10 - 20mg 	 Pravastatin 40 - 80mg
 Amlodipine-atorvastatin 40 – 80mg 	 Amlodipine- 	 Lovastatin 40mg
 Rosuvastatin 20 - 40mg 	atorvastatin 10 - 20mg	 Fluvastatin 40 – 80mg
 Simvastatin 80mg 	 Rosuvastatin 5 - 10mg 	Pitavastatin 1 – 4mg
 Ezetimibe- simvastatin 80mg 	 Simvastatin 20 - 40mg 	
	 Ezetimibe- 	
	simvastatin 20 - 40mg	

Tips for Success	 Educate patients on the importance of statin medications in reducing cardiovascular risk, regardless of cholesterol levels. 'Start low, go slow' when starting patients on a statin to reduce potential for side effects and improve adherence. Consider decreasing the frequency of long-acting statins, rosuvastatin and atorvastatin, to every other day if the patient is unable to tolerate daily statin due to side effects. If it is desired to keep the patient on a statin, consider switching to pravastatin or fluvastatin as they are the least likely to cause muscle toxicity. In patients with chronic liver disease, who require a statin because of high cardiovascular risk, low dose pravastatin and abstinence from alcohol is recommended. Atorvastatin and fluvastatin are preferred in patients with severe renal impairment.

Resources

I. National Committee for Quality Assurance, HEDIS[®] Measurement Year 2025 Volume 2 Technical Specifications for Health Plans



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